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[a1787]

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[a132]

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## BIRTHS.

On the 13th June, at "Tur Crest," Pank, the wife of A. G. Gordon, of a son. [1715]  
On the 8th June, at Mohkman, the wife of the Rev. J. C. GARNETT, of Hangchow, of a son.  
On the 8th June, at 180, Babbington Well Road, Shanghai, the wife of PAUL WESTERHOF, of a son.

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DE WATSON ROAD, CH. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, 15th June, 1903.

It would be profitable to expatiate upon the atrocity of the royal assassination in Serbia. That the wholesale murder has horrified Europe, as Reuters' telegram tells us, is no cause for wonder, and the horror will be shared by the whole of the civilised world. King ALEXANDER and his Queen were not, it is true, looked upon with favour in diplomatic circles nor were they invested with any halo of romance in the general eye. There has been little that is romantic about Serbian history recently. Yet one of the latest visitors to the Serbian court, Mr. HERBERT VIVIAN, found much to say in praise of the late King. Writing in the *Pall Mall Magazine* two months ago he said:—"The King is full of life and vigour. He rises early, and late takes rest. He accomplishes an enormous amount of work, giving personal supervision to all the affairs of state. He finds time to see everyone who is worth seeing. He swims, he fences, he plays games. He might be summed up as the King who never tires. I prefer to sum him up as the King who never makes mistakes." This of course is written in Mr. VIVIAN's hyperbolic style. He goes on later to say:—"After the Sultan of Turkey, there is no more assiduous monarch. He studies out every question for himself, knows everything worth knowing, hears all sides impartially, makes up his own mind and insists upon having his own way. He does not, in the first instance, convey an

"impression of strength; for he is very highly strung; he is never still for an instant, he is thinking of six things at once, and a superficial observer might almost set him down as shy. But a closer acquaintance soon corrects all that, and after less than ten minutes' conversation you cannot fail to recognise his wisdom and his power." He is shrewd without being cynical, bold without being rash, generous, yet never extravagant, and at the same time a good friend, Mr. VIVIAN says. He describes the late Queen DRAGA as a fine, handsome woman, neither very tall nor very stout, with piercing eyes and a chin full of character. Descended from one of the best families in the country, she had a strong character, a clear brain and a keen eye for political prudence, and exercised considerable influence over the King, who was devoted to her. The marriage, it will be remembered, was a love-match, King ALEXANDER rejecting all schemes for alliance with a foreign princess and insisting on choosing for his wife a Serbian lady. The match was described as popular in Serbia once, but it was greatly opposed in some quarters in that country, and was certainly viewed with great distaste in the courts of Europe. After just less than three years of married life, the unfortunate pair have met with the most tragic of deaths, and with them the first Serbian dynasty comes to an end.

The situation produced by the brutal crime perpetrated last week is a grave menace to the peace of Eastern, and even of the whole of Europe. The situation in the Balkans, with the Bulgarians, Macedonians and Albanians, "lating and outraging, and the Turkish ruler, attempting to restore order and hold on to the shadow of their power, was very dangerous, before the murder of King ALEXANDER. Serbia now bids fair to eclipse by her revolution the troubles in the neighbouring states. The latest Reuters' telegram, which we publish to-day, says that the Powers have evidently resolved to acquiesce in the situation, which is that the new King will be elected by the National Convention to-day, the election being subject to the recognition of Austria and Russia. Meanwhile the present representative of the KARAGEORGEVITCH family, the long-standing rivals of the OBRENOVITCHES, has been proclaimed King by the Army. Prince PETER KARAGEORGEVITCH professes astonishment at what has happened at Belgrade. As, however, he has been notoriously intriguing for years against the late King, it will require very strong proof to show his innocence. Needless to say his complicity in the assassination would not make him a candidate acceptable to the European Powers. But it is very desirable that Serbia should not remain headless, to become the prey of civil war and to spread open strife over the borders of her neighbours. We are inclined to think that strong and judicious action on the part of Austria would best control the situation; but there is the jealousy of Russia to be thought of in this connection. Much depends on the decision arrived at to-day, if indeed a decision can be reached.

There will be no performance of the Band of the 33rd Burma Infantry on the New Parade Ground to-day.

Lieut. H. B. Wheeler's resignation of his commission in the Hongkong Volunteer Corps has been accepted by H.E. the Governor.

The P. & O. s.s. *Ballaarat*, with the English mail of the 22nd ult., left Singapore on the 13th inst., at 5 p.m.; and may be expected here on Thursday, p.m. Replies are due to correspondence of date Hongkong, 21st April.

From a notification appearing in another column it will be seen that the London *Times* is about to withdraw the offer of the complete set of the tenth edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica* at half the catalogue price.

There is a rumour in Singapore, says the *Strait Times*, that the false telegram which Kang Yu-wei received from the alleged Emperor of China recalling him to China from Darjeeling was despatched from Peking by a Singapore Chinese who is at present in China.

The return of deaths for the month of April, only now published in the *Gazette*, shows a total of 650 deaths—28 in the European and foreign community (23 civilians, 2 Army, 3 Navy) and 622 in the Chinese community. The death-rate of the whole civil population was 24.4 per 1,000 per annum, the British and foreign rate being 27.4 and the Chinese 24.3. Plagues claimed 297 victims and chest-affections 118.

The many Hongkong friends of Mr. F. H. Kew will be pleased to learn that a cablegram has been received notifying that he has graduated in dentistry with the degree of D.D.S. at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, where he has been studying for the past three years. He will return to Hongkong next month and will join in dentistry practice with his brother, Mr. Chadwick T. Kew. Footballers will be glad to know that he will play for the H.K.F.C. next season: his cleverness as a goal-keeper was shown in the 1898-99 season, when the Club won the Shield and not a single goal was scored against them.

An honorary degree of the University of Cambridge has been offered to, and accepted by, Sir Ernest Satow, G.C.M.G., British Minister at Peking.

Hongkong is now declared infected by Netherlands India, Singapore, Rangoon, Shanghai, Siam, Indo-China, and Labuan and British North Borneo.

General Ka-pu-kun, Russian Minister of War, left Vladivostok for Japan on the 8th inst. The Minister had an armoured train to carry him through Manchuria, it is said.

The Russian General Staff "Military and Scientific Expedition" to explore Mongolia will be entrusted to the command of M. Grum-Grjimala, who is well known in connection with Chinese exploration.

Two Chinese companies at Swatow have been competing for the coolie traffic to Singapore, and in consequence native passengers to the Straits are being carried from Amoy to Penang for \$4 a head, while freights are down to one quarter the usual rate.

In the inter-state cricket match between Penang and Selangor, which terminated on the 12th inst., Penang scored 318 to Selangor's 307. At Association football Selangor defeated Penang by 5 goals to nil. At hockey Penang beat their opponents by 4 goals to nil.

At a wedding at the French Cathedral, Shanghai, last week between Miss Grace Rowe and Mr. C. H. Schröeter of Messrs. Meyer & Co., Hongkong, a novel and somewhat unusual feature of the wedding was that all gentlemen were asked to wear white evening dress, apparently in anticipation of a very hot day, which was not realised.

The funeral of Mr. Coull, late Messageries Maritimes agent at Yokohama, on the 2nd inst., was attended by a very large and representative gathering of the foreign residents there. The pall-bearers were the agents of the Pacific Mail Co., the Canadian Pacific Co., the P. & O. Co., the German Mail Line, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and the Messageries Maritimes.

According to Northern native papers, the *N.C. Daily News* says, it is stated that Governor Wang Chih-shun of Kwangsi has contracted a loan with the German firm of Messrs. Carlowitz and Co. for Tls. 300,000, one-half to be paid at once in cash and the other half to be given in arms and ammunition, the guarantee for the loan being certain mining privileges in Kwangsi province. *Apres*, it is further stated that the French Minister in Peking hearing of the loan and its conditions at once protested to the Wai-wu on the ground that the mining rights of the Two Kwang and Yunnan provinces had been ceded to France three years ago by treaty.

The following appears in the *N.C. Daily News*:—"H.E. the Acting Governor of Shansi, memorialised the throne last month that the following honours be conferred in consideration of the generous and enlightened services of the Protestant missionaries in the so element of the Boxer troubles in Shansi, for not exacting full and deserved indemnities for the heavy losses of life and property sustained by them, and for using what the Chinese themselves considered a moderate fine for the establishment of a University for Western learning there, viz. to the Rev. Timothy Richard, D.D., Litt. D., Mandarin Button of the first rank; the Rev. Moir Duncan, M.A., Mandarin Button of the second rank; Mr. D. E. Hesse, S.A., Mandarin Button of the third rank; Dr. E. H. Edwards, Mandarin Button of the third rank; and Dr. Atwood, Mandarin Button of the third rank. The memorial was approved by the Throne.

The following two telegrams with reference to Korean affairs are from Japanese papers:—"Seoul, 4th June.—The Korean Government have officially requested the Russian Minister to wire to the Russians at Ryongnan to withdraw from the place. In the note containing this request it is pointed out that the violation of graves is a serious infringement of the Treaty."—"Peking, 4th June.—A party who has just returned to Peking from Seoul, via Wiju and Antung, states that about 100 Russians were at Ryongnan when he passed through. Twenty-one of these were identified as soldiers. They were all engaged in constructing barracks. Two steamboats were in the river. At Antung there were 30 Russian soldiers. At Tatumkiao were 20 or 30 Russians at one time, but they all left for Ryongnan after a short stay. Visits of Russian officers to Antung and Wiju districts are frequent. They recruit mounted bandits, and assign them to different stations."

As a consequence of the expulsion of the Carthusian monks from their ancient monastery in France, it is expected that Chartreuse liqueur of matured quality will soon become scarce and rise in price. The Paris agent of the monks has already received instructions to limit foreign orders to a maximum of three litres (five-a-quarter pints). There is, however, a large stock of the liqueur, both green and yellow, in bond at Southampton. It is under the control of an English agent, who is appointed by the head of the brotherhood. The monks have decided to establish their distillery at Tarragona, Spain. It is popularly believed that the monks are mixing and distilling the herbs known to only two persons, the head of the settlement and his appointed successor. The recipe was supposed to have been preserved beneath the altar of the chapel in the monastery. The settlement originated in the year 1084, and has seen many troublous times. The aromatic liqueur is known to be composed of carnations, absinthium, and the young buds of pine trees, and is made in three strengths—green, yellow, and white.

Nagasaki has been declared a plague-infected port by Russia.

A telegram from Berlin announces that Herr Kallen, German Consul at Canton, has been transferred to Saigon.

*Le Courrier Saigonnais* states that the Messageries Fluviales de Cochinchine have under construction in French dockyards four ships. Three of them will have a tonnage of 5,200 and will cost 3,070,080 francs each; the fourth will be a ship of 6,340 tons, which will cost 3,719,520 francs.

M. Lucien Saigues argues in the *Politique Coloniale* for the creation of a port of the first-class on the coast of Annam. It should be both a place d'armes and a commercial port, and situated at the point of the convex of the land to the China Sea. Such a position is to be admirably found at Cam Ranh, to which the French name of Port Rayot has been already given. He points out the excellent position, situated as it is half-way between Singapore and Hongkong, and at the same distance from Manila. There he advocates that an Indo-Chinese Singapore should be created.

The *Leviathan*, armoured cruiser, is ordered to be commissioned at Portsmouth on the 16th instant to relieve the *Argonaut* on the China Station. As already noted, it is intended to form a cruiser division for the China Station, and it is probable that the *Leviathan* will be the flagship of this division. The *Leviathan* is a new first-class armoured cruiser of 14,100 tons displacement, a sister-ship of the *Good Hope* and *King Alfred*, and compares with 11,000 tons displacement of the *Argonaut*, so that she is an increase of strength to the China Squadron. Her complement will be 868 officers and men.

I have frequently seen it remarked, states a writer in the London *Daily Chronicle*, that England and France, and the Western nations generally, fail in Asia because they are too civilised, and that Russia, as being something nearer skin, is pre-eminently fitted for the task of civilising the barbarous inhabitants of India and China. I have no personal knowledge of India, but I do know something of the Chinese, and from my own experience of Siberia. I am inclined to think that a foreign settler experiences rather more of the advantages of civilisation under the Chinese Dragon than he does under the Russian flag.

The movement for the opening of Northern China still goes on—on paper at least. The Peking correspondent of the *N.C. Daily News* telegraphed on the 9th inst.:—"The Chinese who recently secured the right to construct a railway between Changchikou (Kalgan) and Peking have decided to commence the work, and they are now endeavouring to get the necessary capital subscribed." On the same day our contemporary's Tokyo correspondent telegraphed:—"There are evidences of the growth of public opinion in Japan in favour of opening Munkden and Tatum, a proposal which was originally included at Shanghai in the negotiations for the revised commercial treaty."

## CANTON'S NEW VICEROY.

H.E. Tsen Ch'un-huen, the new Viceroy of the Two Kwang, who replaces Tak Sow, the Acting Viceroy succeeding the late Tao Mu, arrived here yesterday in the Chinese cruiser *Hai Tien en route* to Canton; the cruiser was escorted by a number of smaller vessels, and greeted by a salvo of guns from the *Tamar* and from the Russian washup now in harbour. At one o'clock he landed at Blake Pier on his way to visit H.E. the Governor at Government House. Sir John Keane, Bart., Private Secretary to Sir Henry Blake, received the Viceroy at Blake Pier, where was formed up a detachment and the band of the 33rd Burma Light Infantry. His Excellency, who was accompanied by the captain of the *Hai Tien* and one or two mandarins, wore a bright yellow jacket, and bowed with true Oriental politeness in acknowledgment of the salute of the Indian guard-of-honour. Chairs were in readiness, and in these the visitor and his officials were conveyed to Government House where photographs were taken and lunch discussed. His Excellency declined to smoke, but partook of champagne during the afternoon. He himself does not speak English, but several of his staff can converse either in that language or in French. About four o'clock they sailed for Canton.

Of Tsen Ch'un-huen the *N.C. Daily News* says:—"His Excellency is conceded on all sides to be the strong man of the moment in the Empire, and there is no doubt that he is looked upon by the whole Empire as the one man who will be able safely to steer the fortunes of China when the inevitable crisis comes."

## PLAGUE RETURNS.

A steady fall is apparent in the number of plague cases notified daily to the authorities. During the 24 hours ended on Saturday only three cases were reported, one of Mr. A. J. Mackie (23), demarcation officer of the Land Court, who was removed from No. 5, Caine Road. He is the son of Mr. A. Mackie, ex-Chief Inspector of Police here, who lately retired on pension. We understand that the attack is a mild one. Of the other cases, 3 were Chinese (5 dead, 3 bodies "found") and 1 was Indian (fatal).

Mr. Andre Pasquet, the Frenchman who was removed from Canton during the week to the hospital at Kennedytown for treatment, succumbed to the disease on Saturday morning and was buried at Happy Valley yesterday. The other European patients still in hospital are doing well. Second Lieutenant Milward, Sherwood Foresters, has been discharged.

## TELEGRAMS.

## "DAILY PRESS" SERVICE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

## CHINESE AFFAIRS.

SHANGHAI, 14th June, 4.55 p.m.

## THE TREATY NEGOTIATIONS—TRANSFER TO PEKING.

An Imperial rescript has been issued to the Chinese treaty commissioners, ordering the transfer of negotiations from Shanghai to Peking. Negotiations with Japan have been broken off owing to Japan demanding the opening of sundry ports in Manchuria.

## REUTERS' SERVICE.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL POLICY.

LONDON, 13th June.

Mr. Chamberlain's amendment was rejected by 424 to 28; all the Liberals and Nationalists supported the Government, but some Unionists abstained from voting. Mr. Balfour denied that the Government had broken their pledge in repealing the Corn tax, and also that it was their duty to express an opinion on certain great fiscal and colonial international problems recently raised; the subject must first be thoroughly examined; it would be an ill performance of duty if they professed settled convictions where none existed. What was wanted of the Government was common action and responsibility; no one wanted uniformity of speech or absolute uniformity of opinion. Without sharing the view that the present fiscal system must remain in force for all time, he did not believe that the country could ever revert to the tariffs of 1842.

## WHOLESALE ASSASSINATION IN SERBIA—KING AND QUEEN MURDERED.

LONDON, 12th June.

The King and Queen of Serbia, the Queen's brother and two sisters, the King's Aide-de-Camp, one General, the Premier, two Ministers and twelve of the Palace guard were shot dead in Belgrade Palace at midnight by troops, who now surround the Palace. A proclamation has appeared, signed by a long list of new Ministers, mentioning tersely that the King and Queen have been shot, and convening a National Assembly on the 15th inst. The crime has horrified Europe, and it is feared that it will inflame the whole of the East.

LATER.

The Army has proclaimed the pretender, Peter Karageorgewitch, King of Serbia; the pretender is at present at Geneva and professes astonishment at the events in Belgrade. An official statement from Belgrade states that, besides the King and Queen, two of the Queen's brothers, the Premier, the Minister for War and four officers were assassinated and the Minister for the Interior and a General severely wounded. The National Convention called for the 15th inst. will elect a King, and the election will be subject to the recognition of Russia and Austria. The British Press is horrified and exhorts the Powers not to recognise a successor who is not able to prove his innocence of complicity.

LATER.

The late King Alexander and Queen Draga were unceremoniously buried at night in the Obrenovitch family vault.

The Powers have evidently resolved to acquiesce in the situation, especially in view of the attitude of the Serbians, who loudly stune the late regime, especially execrating Queen Draga.

## AN INTELLIGENT PIGEON.

Our attention has been called to a surprising display of sagacity on the part of a pigeon owned by Police Sergeant MacSwayed, well-known in the Colony as an enthusiastic bird-fancier. The bird in question, a blue homer cock, has been trained to fly any distance up to one hundred miles, and about eight months ago was lost in a heavy rainstorm whilst returning from Macao. He turned up eventually, however, a mere bundle of feathers and showing every trace of hard times. Four months ago he disappeared from the cote at Yamnati Police Station, and not a sign of him could be seen anywhere. On Friday last, Sergeant MacSwayed, who had given up hope of ever seeing the bird again, being under the impression that he had been stolen and eaten by Chinese, was amazed to see the missing homer walking along the street towards the station and the cote. He was picked up and examined, and it was found that both wings had been clipped so closely as to make flight an impossibility. The bird had succeeded in escaping from captivity and walked all the way back to its home, doubtless with great difficulty and danger not alone from the street traffic but also from thieving natives with an eye to gastronomic delicacies. Sergeant MacSwayed is now endeavouring to find the thief or thieves, with a view to visiting justice upon him or them.

## VOLUNTEER CHURCH PARADE.

The annual church parade of the Hongkong Volunteer Artillery—now the designation of the Corps—was held yesterday morning, and at St. John's Cathedral a special and appropriate service marked the occasion. The band of the Sherwood Foresters headed the Volunteers, who were under the command of Major Chapman, Acting Commandant in the absence on leave of Major Pritchard. The attendance was not large, the various excursions to Macao probably being mainly responsible for the meagre numbers. After the service in the Cathedral the parade formed up on the drill-ground at Headquarters, where an interesting ceremony took place in the presentation by H.E. the Governor, Honorary Colonel of the Corps, to Armourer-Sergeant Hawkes, late 1st South Stafford Regiment, of the South African War medal.

HIS EXCELLENCY, who was received by the playing of four bars of the National Anthem, congratulated Armourer-Sergeant Hawkes and commended briefly on the good record of the regiment to which he had been attached in Africa, the South Stafford. Now that he had joined the Hongkong Volunteers, continued His Excellency, it would doubtless be interesting to Armourer-Sergeant Hawkes to know that they were amongst the first to volunteer for service in South Africa. Their offer was not accepted, but the fact of its having been made showed that the Hongkong Volunteer Corps was ready then, as now, to take its place in the field for the honour and glory of the Empire.

The medal, which is of silver and has two clasps bearing the inscriptions "Witlenbergen" and "Cape Colony" was then placed on the breast of Armourer-Sergeant Hawkes, who saluted His Excellency and returned to his place in the ranks.

When four bars of the National Anthem, had been again played, the parade was dismissed.

## SUPREME COURT.

Saturday, 13th June.

## IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR SIR HENRY S. BEEKELEY (ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE).

HO CHU TING v. THE WING SHING. This was a claim for a partnership account and to wind up the business of the Causeway Bay Dairy. Mr. H.E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. F. P. Hett, solicitor, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. M. W. Slade, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. F. X. d'Almeida, solicitor, for the defendant.

The case occupied the Court the entire week, and after reviewing the evidence His Lordship gave judgment for the defendant with costs.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS." Hongkong, 13th June.  
Sir,—Anyone passing every morning, noon, or afternoon in the Robinson Road will see at the gates of St. Joseph's College a regular exhibition of unripe fruits, dried sweets and objectionable pickles on sale by two or three Chinamen, who invite the young lads going to school to give a few cash in exchange for these excellent mangoes! This exhibition, it appears, is tolerated by the police, who care not to drive away these potential sellers or presenters them for selling such unwholesome and dirty stuff. The Christian Brothers are perhaps unaware of this fact and it would be well if they could place a watchman at the gate to prevent these sellers or loaders in *exquisite* sweetmeats from roving about there, attracting the poor little boys to have their breakfast and tiffin, with a detrimental result to their tender stomachs. A warning to the parents to give express orders to the amahs, who take their children for a walk, not to approach these movable stalls of fruits and sweetmeats will be a great means of avoiding sickness among their children. Parents should also be very careful with their amahs, threatening them with prosecution if they are caught giving this bad stuff to the children to stop their crying and so forth. I have seen many times the amahs supply the children with dirty sweets and unripe fruits, hence the cause of so many diseases amongst children, and the parents have to suffer the consequence of their amahs' imprudence. Thanking you for the insertion of the above.—Yours, etc.

## A FATHER.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The C.P.R. steamer *Empress of India* arrived at Shanghai at 1 a.m. on the 13th inst., and left again at 9 p.m. same day for Hongkong, where she is due to arrive at 9 a.m. to-morrow.  
The N.Y.K. steamer *Yamato Maru* (Australian Line) left Manilla for this port on the 13th inst., and is expected here to-day.  
The steamer *Rubi* left Manilla on the 13th inst., a.m., and is due here to-day, at noon.  
The O.S.S. steamer *Hygon* left Shanghai on the 12th inst. for this port.

## WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory, on Saturday issued the following report:—  
The barometer has fallen over NE. Japan, risen over S. Japan and the E. coast of China. The depression seems to be moving away over N. Japan. Pressure is highest between the E. coast of China and SW. Japan.  
Gradients slight generally with light variable winds along the China coast, and S. winds over the N. part of the China Sea.  
Forecast:—SW. or variable winds; light; showery with thunder.



## A CRITICISM OF SIR HENRY BLAKE.

The *L. and C. Express* of the 15th ult. writes as follows:—We briefly noted some few weeks ago that the Chinese had petitioned for an extension of the term of Sir Henry Blake as Governor of Hongkong. The mere bald statement came over the wire, and we made the short comment that the Chinese had done a very similar action in the case of Sir John Pope Hennessy a quarter of a century ago. It seems, however, from the detailed mail advices, that a very different construction must be placed on the petition. That it was presented for transmission to the Secretary of State there is no doubt, but the method by which a considerable number of the signatures was obtained would seem to rob the document of very much of its possible potentiality. We do not wish to doubt that Sir Henry has shown a very sympathetic attitude to the Chinese community, which is both right and proper, provided a proper perspective is taken. This, however, the Governor seems to have failed to properly comprehend, just as happened in the case of Sir John Pope Hennessy. The consequence is that to the value of certain questions has not been assigned their relatively proper positions, and there has been that lack of grasp of the essential, and the want of the broad and expansive view so necessary in the qualifications of a Governor of Hongkong. That colony occupies a very highly important position, alike from the economic, commercial and political point of view, and it is essential that the Governor to whom its destinies, under the Secretary of State, are committed, should have that breadth of mind to be able to guide it aright. These qualities, both from the local and Imperial point of view, have not been conspicuously shown during the last few years. The petition, intended to be a document on behalf of His Excellency's administration, is certainly not free from misstatements of fact, and by very little manipulation would constitute really an indictment of the gubernatorial administration of the last few years. We should scarcely have felt called on to notice the matter of the petition at all, except that there is no indication that it has not been forwarded to the Secretary of State with its misrepresentations of fact, and its many signatures attached to it, obtained likewise under misapprehension, and without the signatories knowing the contents of the document.

## THE UNITED STATES AND THE FAR EAST.

A Philadelphia journal, under the heading of "Our Far Eastern Responsibilities," refers to the fact that a number of hitherto uncharted islands have been discovered in the southern portion of the Philippine Archipelago, as an indication of how little, after all, the people of the United States really know about the great extent of insular territory they have acquired on this side of the globe. Our contemporary says:—

It appears that the existence of the islands mentioned was unknown even to our naval officers until recently, and that Secretary Moody has directed that they shall be promptly entered on the government charts as a portion of our possessions in order to forestall possible attempts on the part of other powers to claim them. This is the sensible thing to do under the circumstances, since, so long as we maintain our title to the Philippines, our right to control the entire group should be upheld. In this connection it is worth while to recall the fact that nearly five years have elapsed since the battle in Manila Bay, which produced such unlooked for consequences by placing on the United States the burden of administering the affairs of from seven to ten millions of Asiatics. It is useless to discuss the question whether the McKinley administration was wise in assuming this distant and onerous responsibility. Few of the enthusiastic assertions which were once so common about the incalculable value of the islands are now heard. But it is recognised on all sides that since annexation is an accomplished fact, nothing is to be gained by denouncing what probably a large proportion of American citizens to-day regard as a mistake in view of the utter failure of the development of our commerce with our brown-skinned wards which was so positively predicted. The only course to follow for the present at least seems to be that which the Philippine Civil Government under Governor Taft is endeavouring to pursue—the enforcement of law and order, the relief, so far as possible, of the distress caused by famine and war, and the gradual education of the younger generation of the natives in schools conducted in accordance with American ideas. The country is prosperous enough to stand the outgo of the thirty or forty millions annually required to maintain our troops on the other side of the Pacific, and our international relations are, fortunately, on an amicable basis everywhere. If, however, another era of industrial reaction which should cramp the Treasury should set in, or if we should be confronted with hostile threats on the part of any foreign Power, thus calling for the detachment of a considerable section of our navy to guard Manila, the issue might assume a widely different phase in public estimation. To declare that the Philippine "problem" is definitely settled for all time would obviously be an extravagant statement.

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## CHINESE AMOK AT SINGAPORE.

The *Straits Times* of the 6th inst. gives the following description of a remarkable incident of which we have already been informed telegraphically:—

A case of what is believed to have been amok occurred in an opium-shop at Beach Road yesterday afternoon. In this instance, however, a Chinaman committed the deed. In the annals of crime in Singapore there is not a single record of amok committed by a Chinese. It appears that the amok-er, a Chinaman named Tsah Tong Hee, was a lodger in the opium-shop in question at 143, Beach Road. About 4.15 p.m. yesterday Tong Hee returned to the opium-shop and told the keeper that he was going to leave the place and paid twenty-six cents for his lodging only. The keeper told him that he could go whenever he liked. Tong Hee then had a few words with one of the other lodgers about leaving and suddenly picked up a hatchet which was lying near and struck his fellow lodger over the neck and back, seriously wounding him. The opium-shop keeper went to the assistance of the other man and he was struck over the head, receiving a scalp wound which bled profusely. The amok-er then made a dash for the door and met another Chinaman just coming in whom he also hit over the head with the axe. The assailant then rushed back into the room and again attacked the first man with whom he had the dispute. The occupants of the house shouted for the police and the infuriated Chinaman, with the blood-stained axe in his hand, rushed outside where he almost ran into the arms of a Malay police constable who had heard the noise and came up to see what he could do. Before rushing out the man had seized a long knife and on seeing the policeman he stopped suddenly, and plunged the knife into his own abdomen inflicting a nasty wound. He fell down almost immediately and was seized by the constable, who wrenched the knife out of his hands. The amok-er became unconscious almost immediately. The three other wounded men and the amok-runner were brought to Raffles Police Station from where they were sent on to the General Hospital. The amok-runner never recovered consciousness and died at 7 o'clock last night. It was therefore impossible for the police to take his statement which doubtless would have thrown light on the case. The first injured man is in a very critical condition. An inquest was commenced this morning on the body of the amok-er, and was adjourned *vide die*. Last night Inspector Hart of Raffles Police Station visited the scene of the amok. The place is reported to have looked like a shambles.

## THE MODERN ENGLISH GIRL.

John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie) makes a severe attack on the modern English girl in the May number of the *Pall Mall Magazine*. "Some girls," says Mrs. Craigie, "are to a morbid degree overfond of admiration. They are restless at balls and parties unless they have the attention of every man present. They become vindictive unless they can feel that every other woman is neglected on their account. It is not enough that they should dance the whole evening or have a pleasant companion at dinner; they like to feel certain that they are envied. Their own partners do not satisfy them; their enjoyment is diminished unless they can see others left out in the cold. "They wish, not so much from unkindness as from real vanity, to assert themselves to the disadvantage of their friends. Indeed, they regard every girl of their own age, not as a comrade but as a possible rival who ought to be humiliated on every occasion. It is not necessary to add that girls of this type can never be popular. If they happen to possess large dowries, or if their parents hold important social rank, they will have a large number of acquaintances, but they will never have friends. They must be invited, but it is as certain that they will never be welcome, as it is impossible for persons so constituted to understand the meaning of happiness, of affection, of generosity, or of fair play. It is, indeed, painful to realise that the charge is so often brought against women that they are deficient in a knowledge of what is called playing the game. "Many girls, admirable enough in disposition, wish to appear better dressed than their associates. This is very much more a failing among the Americans than the English. It is normal that women should desire beautiful gowns. While gowns are chosen merely for their beauty they are good, but when they are chosen, as is too often the case, in order to destroy the attractiveness of some other plumage they seem to show it by a hardness, an ostentation, which is never becoming. "It is a small triumph to wear the most expensive dress in the room; it is a vulgar one to look as though one were wearing them; it is a disaster to make a point of wearing them. One does not tire of a beautiful portrait—a lady not necessarily handsome, in a gown not necessarily the latest procurable, can hold a spell on canvas for two or three hundred years or longer; it is certainly more delightful to appear a number of times in a garment which is harmonious than to appear always in something new at the risk of being only occasionally well suited. Should a girl possess large allowance she may, gratify her taste for the exquisite in lace, in the details, the delicacy of her attire—points which please everybody and jar on no one. The strangest fact is that very rich women often dress badly, and they are frequently shy and suspicious on the subject of their fortunes, showing a morbid desire to be liked for themselves rather than for any decorative notes which they can add to their surroundings."

## LATE TELEGRAMS.

[VIA SHANGHAI AND JAPAN.]  
RUSSIA AND JAPAN'S FLEET.

London, 2nd June.  
The St. Petersburg journals, discussing the increase of the Japanese fleet, suggest a similar purpose.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.  
London, 2nd June.  
The Premier of British Columbia has been dismissed from office, and the Opposition party has been ordered to form a new Cabinet.  
A new Ministry has been formed with Mr. McBride as Premier.

London, 3rd June.  
The threatened surtax in Germany against Canadian products, which originally prompted the British Government's conversion to an Imperial fiscal policy, has now been abandoned apparently.

THE U.S. NAVAL CONCENTRATION.  
Berlin, 8th June.

There is no reason or anxiety over the Washington report regarding the American squadron being concentrated in the North-China waters. There is certainly no discord between the United States and Russia, neither is there reason for supposing that new complications with regard to China are expected in Washington.

MOROCCO.  
Berlin, 8th June.  
The Powers are maintaining a neutral attitude in regard to the Fijig expedition.

[NEWS VIA CYPRON.]

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL SCHEME.  
London, 20th May.

In view of the magnitude of the issue, the newspapers and Unionist Members of Parliament are chary in regard to committing themselves to a definitive opinion, but there is no doubt that while Mr. Chamberlain has enlisted the warm support of a section of the Unionists, he has ventured further than a number of Ministerialists, including some members of the Government, are prepared to go.

Unionist newspapers declare there is no difference of opinion between Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain. Liberals believe the country will not agree to Mr. Chamberlain's scheme. Mr. Balfour, in his speech last night, further said the matter could not be decided this session or next, as it required a most careful study; but something must be done to place the Empire in an economic position equal to that of the United States.

Mr. Chamberlain, in addition to what has been already reported, said that, when the mandate was obtained, he would call another Colonial Conference, and meanwhile would collect the fullest information as to the effect preferential tariffs would have on the country's manufactures.

LATER.  
The feeling produced by the Ministerial pronouncements yesterday evening recalls somewhat the days of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule scheme; but the cleavage of parties is too indistinct to permit of definition. The newspapers, which themselves are at sixes and sevens, are affording an indication of the divergent views of people at large.

LATER.  
American opinion is incredulous as to the practicability of the proposals.

Sir Edward Grey, speaking at Oxford, said that Mr. Chamberlain's proposals mean ruin to the prosperity of Great Britain and would break up the Empire. They would, he said, be resisted to the end.

The *Times*, discussing the debate on preferential tariffs, says it is clear a great question of principle is to be laid before the country, whether, in the actual conditions of the world and in presence of economical reversal of the relative positions of this and other countries, the nation is content to trust to familiar innuendoes, or to revise its arrangements in view of its actual needs. The *Standard* says it is difficult to remain inactive when a state of the Empire is being punished for giving preference to the Mother Country. If we had a discriminating tariff we could answer the attack. It is obvious, it says, that the policy inaugurated by Sir Robert Peel has not fulfilled all expectations. The *Daily Telegraph* says when the evidence is accumulated and weighed it will be the hour of judgment. The *Daily Graphic* says Mr. Chamberlain is likely to find the popularisation of his latest scheme a harder task than the reconciliation of South Africa.

London, 30th May.  
Mr. Chamberlain's scheme for taxation of foodstuffs has aroused as much interest as Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule Scheme. The Unionist Press give a different support, while the Liberal Press strongly oppose it. In general the Unionist members have declared their hostility, thus leading to a possible breach.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in a debate in the House of Commons on Mr. Chamberlain's policy of preferential tariffs, strongly denounced the project. Lord Hugh Cecil also condemned it, declaring, amidst Opposition laughter, that Mr. Balfour's statement, that there would be no change of policy before the dissolution, removed a great weight from the minds of the Government's supporters. The opponents of the abolition of the Corn Tax are now quietest.

THE NEXT MAIL CONTRACTS.  
London, 29th May.

An inter-departmental Committee on mail contracts has been appointed. Mr. Frederick Charles Holiday, Assistant Auditor at the India Audit Office, represents the India Office on the Committee; and Mr. Evelyn Cecil, M.P. for Aston Manor, will be Chairman.

ARMENIAN TOWN BURNED OUT.  
London, 28th May.  
Beated news has reached Constantinople

that the town of Malsgued, in Armenia, has been destroyed by an earthquake on the 29th April. The whole population of two thousand perished.

BULGARIA AND TURKEY.  
London, 28th May.  
M. Natchevich, a Bulgarian ex-Minister, has gone to Constantinople on a semi-official mission to sound the Porte with the view of arriving at a friendly understanding and dissipating existing distrust.

THE RESTRICTION OF ASIATICS IN THE TRANSVAAL.  
London, 28th May.

A British Indian Association deputation at Johannesburg has urged Lord Milner to repeal the existing Asiatic law.

Lord Milner replied that the Government had a perfect right to restrict the immigration of any class for the good of the community; and it was no use forcing the question against overwhelming public opinion.

THE NEXT GENERAL ELECTION.  
London, 31st May.

The rumours of a General Election are revived, although the *St. James's Gazette* states, semi-officially, that it will not take place until the autumn of 1904.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.  
Calcutta, 28th May.

The Prince and Princess of Wales start for America in August or September—not for India as stated by Reuters. Their Royal Highnesses are not expected in India until the autumn of 1904.

THE NEXT VICEROY.  
Calcutta, 1st June.

No decision concerning the future of the Indian Viceroy has yet been arrived at. If past custom be followed on this occasion, it is expected that no official announcement in the matter will not be made before July, possibly not until August. A fresh element of uncertainty has been imported into the matter by the change that has come so suddenly over the political skies at home.

CRICKET.  
London, 28th May.

The cricket match between Worcestershire and Yorkshire, and that between Nottingham and Leicestershire, were drawn. Sussex beat Lancashire by nine wickets.

London, 29th May.  
The Surrey Second Eleven has beaten the Lancashire Second Eleven by four wickets, THE PARADE RACQUET CHAMPION.

London, 28th May.  
In the Racquet Match for the professional championship between Browne and Jametjes, the latter has, in addition to winning the first, won the second match by 4 to 1.

## SHARE REPORT.

Messrs. Erich Georg & Co. say in their weekly share list dated Hongkong, 13th June:—The cloud of depression has not lifted from our market yet. Money although easy in Hongkong is still said to be very tight in Shanghai. The business is a hand-to-mouth one and operators are still hanging back in fear of lower rates. Yet most stocks are steady at quotations, few only show a decline on last week's prices, and we are still of opinion that change for the better will soon take place; the rates on Shanghai are Tls. 7 1/4 for a T/T, and Tls. 7 1/2 for a three days sight Private Paper. Banks.—The London rate is still quoted at 263; locally the bank has materially improved and after buyers trying in vain to get shares at 2680 they are now willing to pay 2683 1/2, but we doubt whether any could be got under 2685. Unsatisfied demands for Nationals have brought the rate up to 328, but we have not heard of any transactions.

MARINE INSURANCE SHARES.—Unions have buyers at 5500; China Traders are steady at 361, but no shares are coming out. Cautious have buyers at 1177 1/2; the remainder call for no special remark.

FIRE INSURANCE SHARES.—A noticeable improvement in Hongkong Fires has taken place; they are wanted now at 332 1/2. China Fires are a little better also and not procurable under 285.

SHIPPING STOCKS.—Hongkong, Canton and Amoy are in steady demand during the week at 337 1/2 but sellers asking more, sales were fixed at 337 1/2 and 337 1/2, closing steady at the latter figure.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—Sales at 22 1/2 were recorded to-day, but the number of shares changing hands was only a small one and shares changing hands were only a small one and shares changing hands were only a small one and shares changing hands were only a small one.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars have ruled nominally at 1107 during the week, at which rate shares might be procurable. Luxons are wanted at 110.

MIXING SHARES.—Panjums ordinary are in the market at 32 1/2 and preference shares at 35 cents; Jebeas are offered at 31 1/2 and Raubs have buyers at 32.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—Sales at 22 1/2 were recorded to-day, but the number of shares changing hands was only a small one and shares changing hands were only a small one and shares changing hands were only a small one.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—Land Investments are quoted at 1188 sellers, but we do not believe there are many shares for sale at this price; Kowloon and Hong Kong are wanted at 338. West Points are wanted at 324. Hong Kong Hotels at 151 1/2, whilst Orient Hotel and Hotel de la Paix are quiet at quotations.

CHINA LIGHT AND POWER.—No business reported. According to advices from the North, Ewos are quoted at Tls. 35.

CHINA LIGHT AND POWER.—No business reported. According to advices from the North, Ewos are quoted at Tls. 35.

## PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATES, PAPERS AND CHEMICALS.

EASTMAN'S KODAKS, FILMS AND ACCESSORIES,  
DEVELOPING AND PRINTING UNDERTAKEN  
A. CHEE & CO.,  
17A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG. [38]

## THE LAHMEYER ELECTRICAL CO. LD.

ELECTRIZITAETS ACTIEN GESELLSCHAFT VORM.  
W. LAHMEYER & CO., FRANKFURT A/M.  
FOR ESTIMATES OF ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS OF ANY DESCRIPTION  
Apply to—  
SIEMSEN & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA. [123]

## THE NEW COLONIES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

There was recently issued from the Colonial Office a Blue-book relating to the advance made in the re-settlement and administration of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony. It is drawn up by Lord Milner, in a report full of interest.

Writing on March 14, Lord Milner says that, thanks mainly to the energy and good management of the staff officers engaged in the work, and to the rapidity with which the work of repatriation generally was proceeding throughout the country, it was possible to restore some 20,000 prisoners to their homes by the end of last year, while at the time of writing all former burghers had been restored with the exception of about a score who preferred to go elsewhere, and of about 900 who had declined to take the oath of allegiance or to make the declaration submitted for it. All this, as far as Lord Milner is aware, without a hitch and without so much as a single unpleasant incident occurring after the prisoners had once landed in South Africa. The only outstanding difficulty with regard to the prisoners of war are the 900 odd, of whom 778 are in India, 79 in Bermuda, who still decline; but arrangements were being considered as to their case. There will then only remain five (in St. Helena) who will not have been personally interviewed with a view to inducing them to return, and Lord Milner hopes that they will accept the situation without any such special effort.

Lord Milner proceeds:—In the eight and a half months that we have been at work we have restored about 200,000 of the old burgher population in the two Colonies to their homes, including all the inhabitants of the Concentration Camps and the prisoners of war. Of this great number of people the vast majority had to be supplied with food by the Government, practically all of them for one month, and the bulk of them for three or four months. At present there is only a small proportion of them still requiring to be supported, and of the able-bodied people very few are idle at the time of writing. Practically all who were unable to support themselves have been supplied by us with the means of working their own farms or the farms of others, or have found or been provided with other occupations, and these results have been achieved in exceptionally adverse circumstances.

I need not repeat that we began working with the country absolutely denuded of everything. Moreover we began in the dead of winter. The large number of animals, mainly required in the first instance for transport, which we took over from the military, were for the most part in the most wretched condition. Hundreds of them died before they had done any work at all, and many thousands were useless for several months, and were only gradually resuscitated by the greatest care and at considerable expense. In winter there was no grass, and for some time forage had to be provided for the whole number.

Referring to the native labour question, Lord Milner says:—The problem is no doubt one of the most difficult of solution. It is merely a question of increasing the 50,000 native labourers whom we have on the mines to-day to the 100,000 which was the maximum before the war, the difficulty which is being experienced, though annoying, would not be so serious. That we shall get back to 100,000, though perhaps very slowly, may be regarded as certain. But the troublesome fact is that with the immense development of which the mines are capable, they would soon be in a position to employ 200,000, and even a larger number, if they could get them. At the same time the demand for native labour in other directions is increasing daily. There is an infinite variety of suggestions for the solution of the problem, but so far no panacea has been presented, but so far no panacea has been presented, but so far no panacea has been presented.

The loudest but by no means the best informed or most influential section clamours for the adoption of measures to compel the black man to work. When closely examined all the recommendations on this subject resolve itself into the advocacy of higher taxation on the native population. In my opinion it would be unjustifiable to put a high tax on the native who is in a position to work even if it simply in order to force him to work even if it were clear, and it is by no means clear, that he is averse to work without it. But on the other hand, it certainly appears absurd to denounce the imposition upon the native of a reasonable share of taxation merely because such a proceeding, in itself, might incidentally cause him to work rather more than he otherwise would. The two questions are independent of one another, and it is unfortunate, from every point of view, that they are so constantly mixed up. And all the uncertainties which beset this perplexing question of native labour, least this unmitigated force which can be regarded with unmitigated satisfaction. If the number of native labourers is first short of our requirements their efficiency especially in one respect has greatly increased. The volume, containing over 200 pages, is profoundly interesting as showing the remarkable and well-considered progress that has been made in the work of reconstructing the new administrative fabric.

TRADE MARK

TELEPHONE No. 135.

OUR SPECIAL BLEND  
OF  
SCOTCH WHISKY

"CLUB"

Per Doz. ... .. \$15

We have older and more expensive Whiskies but we have no better VALUE than

"CLUB."

H. PRICE & CO.

12, QUEEN'S ROAD. [14]

## CARTRIDGES.

NOBEL'S SPORTING BALLISTITE.  
Absolutely Smokeless and Water-resisting  
THE BEST NITRO-POWER IN THE WORLD.  
PRICE OF 12-BORE CARTRIDGES—  
Loaded with Powder only. With Powder and 1 1/2 of Shot.  
Primrose Cases ... \$6.25 \$9.00  
Pegamoid Cases ... 6.85 3.50  
Ejector Cases ... 7.50 3.25  
Apply to—

WM. SCHMIDT & CO.  
Gummers, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 3rd July, 1902. [165]

## VIEWS OF HONGKONG

ILLUSTRATED POST CARDS  
Coloured, White-Away Cards, &c.  
For Sale at GRAZIA & CO.'S Stall at  
HONGKONG HOTEL CORRIDOR.

Also  
Used and Unused Foreign and Colonial  
POSTAGE STAMPS  
in Sets, Packets or Single. King Edward VII  
Albums, Catalogues, Hinges, &c., &c.  
Inspection invited.  
Hongkong, 11th June, 1903. [1113]

## COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LD.  
I have now 40,000 Cubic feet of Cold  
Storage available at EAST POINT. Stores will  
be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sundays  
excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.  
WM. FARLANE, Manager.  
Hongkong, 18th November 1901. [65]

## MR. CHADWICK KEW

DENTAL SURGEON,  
No. 39, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Office Hours—9 A.M. to 5 P.M.  
Hongkong, 14th March, 1903. [839]

## WINCHESTER CARBINES

12 SHOT REPEATING. CALIBRE 44.  
Excellent arm for Travellers in the interior  
of China as well as Officers of Coast Steamers  
ALSO CARTRIDGES IN STOCK.

## LUTGENS, EINSTMANN &amp; CO.

14, DES VOUX ROAD. [2742]

## PURE FRESH WATER

THE HONGKONG STEAM WATER-  
BOAT CO., LD., is prepared to supply  
ANY QUANTITY OF PURE FRESH  
WATER to the Shipping, both for Deck and  
Boilers.  
Call Flag W.

J. W. KEW,  
Manager,  
1st Floor, 37, Cannan Road,  
Hongkong, 13th June, 1903. [1703]

## B. J. REMEDIOS, FOREIGN AND COLONIAL STAMP DEALER.

No. 39, WYNDHAM STREET, HONGKONG.  
Will be glad to send STAMPS on approval  
to any address on receipt of satisfactory references.  
Is also prepared to purchase used Postage  
Stamps in Large or Small Quantities for Cash.  
AGENTS WANTED.  
15 to 25 per cent. Discount Allowed. [1566]



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## FOR SALE.

**CHESTNUT CHINA PONY**, perfect action, in splendid condition. Can be seen at **CHUNG WAH STABLES**, WONGAI-CHONG. Apply by letter to—  
**LIEUT. JAMES, H.M.S. "Tamar."**  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1903. [1710]

**SALESMEN WANTED** to sell our goods by sample to whole and retail trade and to appoint local salesmen. Our goods sell on sight. Our salesmen are making fortunes. We are the largest and only manufacturers in our line in the world. Big salary or very liberal commissions paid. Address for full terms, enclosing 2d. postage, **CAN-DEX MANUFACTURING COMPANY**, St. Louis, Mo. late of Buffalo, United States America. [1714]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

**THE** Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned, **TO-DAY (MONDAY)**, the 15th June, 1903, at 2.30 P.M., at No. 52, Wellington Street, One AMERICAN PRINTING PRESS, One PAPER CUTTER, Eighteen LOWER and UPPER CASES of TYPES, One Case LEADS, Two Cases BRASS RULES, Five BRASS GALLEYS, Two Cases WOODEN FURNITURE, One RULING MACHINE, One BRASS LEAD CUTTER, Twenty-Three WOODEN GALLEYS, a Quantity of TYPES, &c. &c. &c.  
(The above will be sold in One Lot only.)  
TERMS:—As usual.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1903. [1711]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

**THE** Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned, **TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)**, the 16th June, 1903, at 11 A.M., at their SALES ROOMS, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, **SUNDY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, comprising:—

SINGLE IRON BEDSTEADS with WIRE and HAIR MATTRESSES complete, One Large WOODEN HOME-MADE BED, CAMP BED, PICTURE, TIENTSIN CARPETS, CHAIRS, &c. &c. &c.  
Also  
Two COMPASSES, One SEXTANT, One COTTAGE PIANO, by Collard & Collard, London;  
And  
A Quantity of GOLD and DIAMOND JEWELLERY.  
TERMS:—As usual.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1903. [1712]

## EXTRAORDINARY ART SALE.

**THE** Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned, on **THURSDAY**, the 18th June, 1903, at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, **A VERY FINE COLLECTION OF JAPANESE SILK EMBROIDERIES AND TEXTILES**, comprising:—

RARE PALACE and TEMPLE HANGINGS, FINE OLD BROCADES, BEAUTIFUL SILK EMBROIDERED KIMONOS, ARTISTIC COT VELVET PICTURES, and VERY FINE SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS;  
&c. &c. &c.  
NOTE:—The above is one of the finest Collections of Embroideries hitherto offered for sale and for the most part will be sold without reserve.

TERMS:—As usual.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1903. [1713]

## NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

**STEAMSHIP "OLYMPIA,"** FROM TACOMA, VICTORIA, YOKO-HAMA, KOBE, MOJO AND SHANGHAI.

**THE** above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignatures and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

**DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,**  
Agents.

Hongkong, 13th June, 1903. [1714]

**THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS** is now ready and contains:—  
Leading Articles.  
The Dampening of Plague Bodies.  
The Plague Epidemic.  
Russia in Manchuria.  
Free Trade.  
The Mail Contract.  
The Straits Currency Question.  
Peking as a Treaty Port.  
The Wedding of Captain Arbuthnot and Mrs. Blake.  
The Health of Hongkong.  
The Kwangsi Famine.  
New Tung Wa Hospital Branch.  
Bacteriological Department in 1902.  
A Chinese Clan-Right.  
Murder by a Foreigner in Shanghai.  
Canton.  
Ishkol.  
The Situation in Kwangsi.  
Northern Notes.  
Corean Affairs.  
Tibet.  
Correspondence.  
Kwangsi Famine Fund.  
China-Borneo Co., Ltd.  
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.  
Hongkong's Assets and Liabilities.  
China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.  
Supreme Court.  
A Test Case at the Police Court.  
Royal Hongkong Golf Club.  
Hongkong and Port News.  
Subscription, \$12 per Annum, payable in advance, postage 30 cents each, Cash.  
Copies can be posted from the Office to addresses sent; including postage 34 cents each, or \$1 for three copies, Cash.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1903.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

## FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.

**THE** Company's Steamship

"**HALLOONG**,"  
Captain Evans, will be despatched for the above ports **TO-MORROW**, the 16th inst., at 11 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
**DOUGLAS-LAPRAK & CO.,**  
General Managers,  
Hongkong, 12th June, 1903. [1707]

**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**

FOR MANILA.

**THE** Company's Japanese Mail Steamship

"**KUMANO MARU**,"  
4500 Tons, Captain E. W. Haswell, will be despatched for the above port on **FRIDAY**, the 19th inst., at 4 P.M.

This well-known Steamer is specially constructed for the service in the Tropics, and is provided with superior accommodation and with all modern fittings and improvements for the safety and comfort of Passengers. Electric Light and Refrigerator. Doctor and Stewardess carried.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
**A. S. MIHARA,**  
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1903. [1709]

**STEAMSHIP "ERNEST SIMONS."**

**COMPAGNIE DES MESSEAGERIES MARITIMES.**

**NOTICE.**

**CONSIGNEES** of Cargo from London ex s.s. *Corduan*, and from Bordeaux ex s.s. *Ville de Cotte*, in connection with above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Precious and Valuable, are being landed and stored at their risks into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon, to-day, the 14th inst., requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after Saturday, the 20th inst., at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 22nd inst., or they will not be recognised.

All damaged packages will be examined on Monday, the 22nd inst., at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

**G. DE CHAMPEAUX,**  
Agent.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1903. [1710]

"**BEN**" LINE OF STEAMERS.

**NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.**

**FROM ANTWERP, LONDON AND STRAITS.**

**THE** Steamship

"**BENVENUE**,"

**CONSIGNEES** of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Godown whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods undischarged after the 19th inst. will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 27th inst., or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 19th inst., at 3.50 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
**GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,**  
Agents.

Hongkong, 13th June, 1903. [1708]

**OWNERS** of HOUSES situated in the Western Division of the City of Victoria who have not had their premises LIMED, WASHED and CLEANSED in accordance with Law are reminded that the period during which this work should be finished ends on the 30th day of JUNE, 1903; and the Sanitary Board being convinced of the necessity of cleanliness in its efforts to STAMP OUT PLAGUE is determined to PROSECUTE any owner in default after the above named date.

By Order of the Board,  
**G. A. WOODCOCK,**  
Secretary.

Sanitary Board Room,  
1st June, 1903.

NOTE:—The Western Division of the City lies to the West of Morrison and East Streets. [1600]

**GOVERNMENT NOTICE.**

**IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED** that the Sale of POSTAGE STAMPS at the Stamp Office will be DISCONTINUED after the 30th INSTANT.

All such Stamps for Revenue purposes can be obtained at the General Post Office.

**A. M. THOMSON,**  
Collector of Stamp Revenue.

Hongkong, 10th June, 1903. [1696]

**EQUITABLE LIFE**

**HENRY B. HYDE, Founder.**

"**STRONGEST IN THE WORLD**"

An Equitable policy contains everything that is desirable in a life insurance contract. Notwithstanding the superiority, the rates are no higher than other companies. Write for information.

**F. KIENE, Manager.**

Hongkong, 21st May, 1903. [1499]

**VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.**

**THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

will be held in the CLUB GYMNASIUM, Kowloon, on **THURSDAY**, the 18th INST., at 5.45 P.M.

**FRANK W. WHITE,**  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1903. [1694]

**DAVID CORSAIR & SON**

**MERCHANT NAVY**

**NAVY BOILED**

**LONG FLAX**

**RELIANCE CROWN**

**TARPAULING**

**ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.,**  
Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1901. [123]

## ENTERTAINMENT

## FAMOUS JAPANESE ROYAL TROUPE OF ACROBATS AND YOUNG GIRLS

**WILL** give PERFORMANCES at **PRAXA CENTRAL** (opposite the Central Market), until 16th inst. only, from 8.30 to 11.30 P.M., daily.

**WONDERFUL ACTS AND DANCES IN WATER.**

**CONSTANT CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.**

**PRICES OF ADMISSION:—**

1st Class ... .. \$2.00

2nd " " " " 1.00

3rd " " " " 0.20

Every night, commencing on 13th June, a Raffle will be drawn for Three Prizes (good Silver Watches and fine Clocks). Numbers for the Raffle will be given FREE at the time of purchasing Tickets of Admission. The Prizes will be distributed on the ground.

On account of the severe heat, the day performance has been discontinued.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1903. [1693]

## NOTICES OF FIRMS

## CHINA COMMERCIAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

**司公限有船輪華中**

**THE** Offices of the above Company have been OPENED at No. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 2nd FLOOR.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1903. [924]

**CHINESE AMERICAN COMMERCIAL COMPANY.**

**司公美華**

**IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS.**

**THIS** Company's Offices are Established at Nos. 20 and 21, CONNAUGHT ROAD opposite Douglas Pier.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1903. [1321]

**NOTICE.**

**THE** Firms of **KIM SENG LEE & CO.** of Bangkok, and **KIM HONG JOO**, of Hongkong, having Dissolved Partnership, the Firm of **KIM SENG LEE & CO.** gives notice that it will NOT be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted by the Firm of **KIM HONG JOO** from this date nor during the nine years' existence of the Partnership.

**KIM SENG LEE & CO.**  
Hongkong, 11th June, 1903. [1690]

**SHIP'S SURGEON.**

**AN** EDINBURGH MEDICAL CERTIFICATED DOCTOR (L.R.C.P.) is open for Engagement on Local Steamers, or any Medical Establishment.

Apply by letter to—**MEDICAL.**  
Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 9th June, 1902. [1668]

**QUAN WAH & CO.,**  
GRANITE MERCHANT CONTRACTORS.

**DEALERS IN**

**MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.**

No. 1, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.

Estimates, Designs & Prices on Application.

All descriptions of Granite for Export.

Hongkong, 17th October, 1900. [1186]

**CHOY FONG, 專**

Manufacturer of best quality of Preserved Ginger and Sweetmeats of all kinds at Moderate Prices. It has been discovered that some people have imitated the trade-mark and name of our firm, so that our customers should be very careful against buying inferior goods bearing the imitations mentioned. 3, Sai On Lane, Shek-Tong-Tsui, or enquire Joo Tek Seng Hong, 18, Bonham Street West.

Hongkong, 14th April, 1903. [1145]

## CARTRIDGES.

**IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THEREFORE ALWAYS FRESH.**

**ELEY'S, SCHULTZ'S, AMBERITE**

**CARTRIDGES, 8, 10, 12, 16, and 20 BORE.**

and **NEWCASTLE'S CHILLED SHOT** in all Sizes No. 10 to 8880. AIR GUNS and AMMUNITION in Variety.

**WM. SCHMIDT & CO.**  
Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [1188]

**ROYAL AERATED WATERS MANUFACTORY.**

If you want a drink of health, If 'tis true that health is wealth, If you'd take your proper place, If for health you'd join the race, Always with a smiling face, There you can get good drink I guess, Pure water we always use, Essence many from which to choose, Our list of drinks will you amuse.

Apply to—**F. P. DANENBERG, Manager.**

Factory & Office—West Point; Telephone 387; Depot—Ice House Street; Telephone 374.

Novel Specialities. Best in the Far East. Refreshing and invigorating drinks of the season. Just Produced. Long-Life. Non-Intoxicating and Excellent Beverages.

**HIP-OSS, Winter Stout, Strawberryada, Jubilee-Champagne, Orange Champagne, Hop Ale.** [11-2]

## IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE OF THE 12th NOVEMBER, 1896.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, Shanghai Tls. 5,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL " " 2,500,000

**HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.**

**BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:**

Canton Hankow

Chioch Peking

Chungking Peking

Chungking Singapore

Tientsin.

The Bank purchases and Reduces for collection Bills of Exchange drawn on the above places, and sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers payable at its Branches and Agencies.

**HONGKONG BRANCH.**

Advances made on approved securities. Bills Discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

At 2% per annum on Current Account daily balances.

3% per annum on Fixed Deposits for 3 months.

4% " " " " 6 " "

5% " " " " 12 " "

**E. W. RUTTEN,**  
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1901. [123]

## BANKS

## THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853

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[11]

THE AMERICAN FAILURE IN THE  
PHILIPPINES.—II.

[BY PERCEVAL LONDON.]

Why in the war dragging on? The gist of the whole matter is that the United States have not among their seventy millions men who have had experience of Oriental nations, that they have been hampered by political considerations from seeing a clear and consistent policy with regard to their new colonies, that the apparent precedent of Cuba has confused issues, and that they wholly underestimated the importance and the difficulty of the task before them. It is time for the States to realise that it is as impossible for them to have two policies about the Philippines as it is to have a divergence of opinion as to whether Kaveas shall remain a part of the Republic or not. For good or for evil, the islands of the Philippine Archipelago must remain in the hands of the Republic. Later, but in earnest, the United States have taken their position as one of the civilising forces of the world, and they will not finish from the white man's burden any more than their mother has finished.

## FACTS TO BE FACED.

The facts must be faced. The war is not over, and it will not be over until peaceful occupation of every acre in the country is possible. It is true that a certain number of Filipinos have surrendered, but the interior is to this day infested by bands of men whose methods and organisation are not remarkably different from the bands of which Aguinaldo was the nominal leader in 1900. As a matter of fact, the difficulty of dealing with the Filipinos was considerably increased by the "capture" of Aguinaldo. From that moment the irresponsibility of the different bands of armed men was complete, and no settlement is now possible except by the consecutive extermination of each one of these bodies of men, who wear no uniform and are transformed into peaceable agricultural labourers by the burial of a rifle.

The results of the long ing "brigandage" are deplorable. To some extent the great towns and centres of activity in South Africa could ignore the guerrilla warfare that it took us two years to crush out. But the Philippines depend entirely upon the land for their prosperity, that the presence of marauding bands is as disastrous as a state of war. A source of trouble that is likely to be more permanent is that a vast number of the younger generation of Filipinos have been attracted into Manila and Iloilo by the excessive wages that from the first the Americans have offered. These men have lost all taste for the severe drudgery of the country, and their reports are tempting more and more to follow their example. In this, as in the imposition of a gold standard, the invaders made a serious mistake. They have carried the American standpoint into an Oriental country, and they are reaping the fruits of their inexperience.

## IN THE MATTER OF THE TOLLAR.

The gold standard is a source of endless trouble. The Americans, naturally enough perhaps, did not consider the matter from the point of view of the slow-thinking, unalterable East. A dollar, whatever the stamp upon it—Straits, Mexican, Japanese, Guatemalan—is to them a piece of silver of a value which has never depreciated or fluctuated to the extent suggested by the market value in Europe or America. The exchange has never been really reflected in the internal economy of the East, and there has been no such glaring discrepancy in the values as to lead to grave inconvenience. A Mexican dollar is worth one shilling and seven pence perhaps at a bank, yet it still purchases two shillings or two shillings and sixpence worth of commodities in the interior. So that when a stranger comes to a Filipino and drawing two pieces of silver of the same size from his pocket, assures him that one is worth 1s. 7d. and the other 4s. 2d., the Filipino grins assent, and privately thinks the white man either a fool for thinking that the same thing can have two values, or a knave for attempting to impose upon him, and continues to pay and to receive dollars of all nationalities on the old Mexican basis. What is one stamp more or less to him? He cannot read the superscription of any, and he is by this time accustomed to a bewildering variety of ornamentation. It will be seen that this opens the door to a great amount of misunderstanding and cheating, all of which the Filipino naturally puts down to the invading Americans and their duplicity. It is not to the point to quote the Japanese gold standard. They had the wisdom to retain more or less the Eastern unit in the Eastern shape and weight.

But there are many other causes which have conspired to retard the progress of these islands. Americans have come and attempted to open business, only to find again that confidence is a

plant of slow growth in the East, and even slower in the Philippines than elsewhere.

## THE RICE STORY.

The American does not care for the plodding methods that alone can succeed there. He wishes to make, and he is accustomed to make—or lose—a fortune in a few days. Obviously, in the Philippines he has merely succeeded in losing one. A curious example of the inadaptability of the Filipino was shown last year, when as a result of so many thousand acres of rice going out of cultivation the price went up. A short time afterwards the Government, believing that an unfair profit was being made by the Manila merchants, who had imported a large stock, bought cheap rice in Singapore, and offered it to the Filipinos at almost cost price. It only shows how little they have begun to understand their new subjects. A native will still buy from his accustomed merchant whether the price be higher or not. This the officials failed to grasp, and twenty or thirty thousand piculs of deteriorating rice still lie unasked for and unsold under the tarpaulins of the Manila wharves. Two American firms, indeed, made a success of their business so long as there were seventy thousand soldiers to be supplied in Luzon; but these have, of course, been reduced also to the verge of bankruptcy by the recall of a large part of the army. The result is that there is a very bitter feeling that the islands are being administered at enormous cost for the benefit of the English and German traders who enjoy the trade. It may perhaps be some consolation to them that they have succeeded in reducing by nearly a half the prosperity of those merchants, and in consequence the prosperity of their colony also.

## THE INVADERS' MISTAKE.

But the refusal of the Americans to admit Chinese labour is perhaps the chief reason why the policy enunciated by Governor Taft of the Philippines for the Filipinos has been a failure. The invaders are enforcing in the tropics a policy that was elaborated in the temperate zone, and they will fail, exactly as Sydney and Melbourne will fail in legislating about the black labour of Queensland. The necessity for Chinese labour may be an ugly one, but it is a necessity and the lesser of two evils. However at the present moment the Government of the Philippines seems to lack the moral courage to admit a mistake and recommend a policy unpopular in the States. More than this, it has repudiated a confidence in the surrendered Filipino generals that seems highly dangerous. It has reappointed them as governors of the various provinces of the islands, thus placing ready-made in the hands of any capable schemer an organisation for a sudden and successful rising against the thinned numbers of their conquerors.

Under all these circumstances the administration of the Philippines must expect, and should welcome, criticism. Their policy has not produced the prosperity that they had hoped, surely, instead of blandly telling the disappointed American trader to go if he is discontented, it would be better to consider the matter from the latter's point of view and to realise that the prosperity of the Filipinos is solely bound up in the prosperity of the traders of their new colony.—Daily Mail.

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Hongkong, 11th June, 1903.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.  
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.  
HAMBURG AMERIKA LINIE.  
FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, HIOGO AND YOKOHAMA.  
THE Imperial German Mail Steamship  
"PREUSSEN,"  
OF THE NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, Captain E. Prehn, due here with the outward German Mail about SUNDAY, P.M., will leave for the above places about 12/24 hours after arrival.  
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.  
For further Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, 12th June, 1903.

THE EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.  
FOR MARSEILLES, HAVRE, COPENHAGEN AND BALTIC PORTS.  
THE Danish Steamer  
"PRINSESS MARIE,"  
Captain Borentzen, will leave for the above ports on or about the 20th inst.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to MELCHERS & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, 3rd June, 1903.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.  
STEAM FOR FUME AND TRIESTE (DIRECT), Calling at SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.  
(Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRAZIL, to SOUTH AFRICA, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRATIC PORTS.)  
THE Company's Steamship  
"VINDOBON,"  
Captain Cebel, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 20th inst., P.M.  
For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to SANDER, WIELER & CO., Agents, Princes' Buildings, Hongkong, 12th June, 1903.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.  
WILL leave Hongkong every morning during this season at 7.30 o'clock.  
SAM WANG & CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 4th June, 1903.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.  
S.S. "WING CHAI,"  
Captain Samuel Bell Smith.  
DAILY Departure from Hongkong to Macao at 7.30 A.M., from Macao to Hongkong at 2 P.M. (Sunday included).  
1st Class fare (including cabin and servant), 33; return ticket, \$5.  
2nd Class, \$1.50; return ticket, \$2.50.  
3rd Class, \$1.  
Steering, \$0.50.  
Superior cabin accommodation.  
Wharf in Hongkong, opposite Central Market; at Macao, C. M. S. N. Company's Wharf.  
For Freight, &c., apply to SAM WANG & CO., LD., 81, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 29th April, 1903.

WING ON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.  
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.  
S.S. "CHU KONG" (Captain Mason).  
DEPARTURES from Hongkong to Macao daily at 7.30 A.M. (Sunday included).  
Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 2 P.M. (Sunday included).  
This steamer is the fastest and has superior Cabin accommodation.  
FARES:  
1st Class ... \$1.50  
2nd ... 0.70  
3rd ... 0.30  
Further Particulars may be obtained at the Office of the WING ON STEAMSHIP CO., No. 42, Bonham Strand West, Hongkong, 16th May, 1903.

FOR SAMSHUI, via KONGMOON AND KUMCHUK.  
THE Steamship  
"PAK KONG,"  
will be despatched for the above ports every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 P.M. Ample accommodation for European Passengers.  
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to KWONG WAN STEAMBOAT CO., LD., 15 and 16, Cross Street, Pray West, Hongkong, 6th May, 1903.

GRIMAUD'S SASSAPARILLA.  
A TRUE BLOOD PURIFIER.  
CLEANSE YOUR BLOOD WITH GRIMAUD & CO'S SASSAPARILLA!  
For eruptions, scrofula, boils, ulcers, sores, carbuncles, pimples, blotches, and all disorders originating in vitiated blood, this medicine is the most reliable and most economical and contains no mercury or dangerous minerals. No other blood-purifier gives equal satisfaction or is so universally in demand.  
GRIMAUD & CO.  
8, rue Vivienne, PARIS (France).  
Sold by all dealers.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.  
"INDRA" LINE OF STEAMERS.  
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
FROM NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.  
THE Company's Steamship  
"INDRAWADI,"  
having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.  
Goods not cleared by the 15th inst. will be subject to rent.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns, and a certificate of the damage obtained from the Godown Company within ten days after the steamer's arrival, after which no claims will be recognised.  
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, 8th June, 1903.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.  
CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer  
"TELEMACHUS,"  
are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.  
Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 10 A.M. To-morrow, 12th inst.  
Goods not cleared by the 18th inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.  
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.  
I. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.  
Hongkong, 12th June, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.  
FROM MIDDLEBRO, ANTWERP, LONDON AND STRAITS.  
THE Steamship  
"GLENLOCHY,"  
having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.  
Goods not cleared by the 15th inst. will be subject to rent.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns, and a certificate of the damage obtained from the Godown Company within ten days after the steamer's arrival, after which no claims will be recognised.  
MCGREGOR BROS. & GOW.  
Hongkong, 8th June, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship  
"CEYLON,"  
FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.  
Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.  
Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 10 A.M. To-morrow, 12th inst.  
Goods not cleared by the 18th inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.  
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.  
I. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.  
Hongkong, 12th June, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
GENERAL AVERAGE PER SWEDISH S.S. "VICTORIA,"  
ON FIRE IN SINGAPORE ON JANUARY 7TH 1903.  
CONSIGNEES and Underwriters are hereby notified that Claims for short delivered and/or damaged Cargo must be presented to the undersigned before 1st JULY, 1903, or they will not be allowed.  
SANDER, WIELER & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, 1st June, 1903.

PRINTING OF ALL KINDS at the most moderate prices at THE "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.  
All proofs are read and all work superintended by Englishmen. Always equal and generally superior to that done anywhere else. Estimates given.

Gold Medal, Health Exhibition, London  
BENGER'S FOOD is not only highly nutritive, but is most easily digested, and is so delicious that it is enjoyed by Infants, Invalids, Convalescents and the Aged.  
"After a lengthened experience of Foods both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."  
BENGER'S FOOD is sold in TINS by Chemists, etc., Everywhere.

DINNEFORD'S  
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.  
Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA  
Proved by experience.  
Three-quarters of a century before the Public and constantly growing in appreciation

van Houten's Cocoa  
PURE SOLUBLE  
Is to-day The Standard Cocoa of the World. Exquisite in flavor, highly nourishing and refreshing, experience proves it to be  
The Best of all Cocos.

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